

AX-112

Analog Telephone Adapter

User Guide

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Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Conventions used in this guide

Symbols

To make sure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



DANGER/WARNING: Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



CAUTION: Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task



IMPORTANT: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task.



NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

Table of Contents

1.	Introduction	7
	Overview	7
	Features	8
	Hardware specifications	9
	Package	9
2.	Quick Installation	10
	Connectors	10
	Cable connection	12
	WAN IP assignment	12
3.	Configuration	13
	Status	13
	WAN	13
	SIP	14
	Advance setting	15
	Management	20
4.	Operation	22
	IVR Operation	22
	Call service features	23
	Life line/PSTN features	24
	Conference/Transfer call	24
	LED indication	24
5	Troubleshooting	25

1. Introduction

Overview

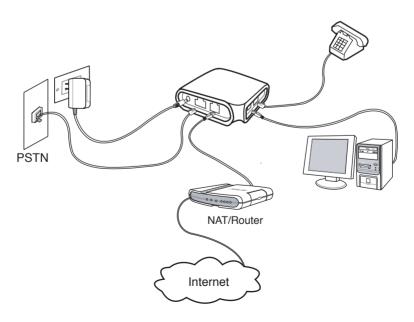
Thank you for buying an ASUS AX-112 Analog Telephone Adapter!

The ASUS AX-112 analog telephone adapter is a Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) compliant Voice over Internet (VoIP) terminal adapter. It features high audio quality, multiple telephone functions, and compact design. It can work with SIP compliant devices and server to provide voice communication via the Internet.

AX-112's compact design is specially-designed with WAN and LAN ports, and with FXO and FXS ports. It supports Ethernet LAN to WAN bridge capability and users can connect their PC or notebook to the Internet through the cable on LAN port.

The FXO is designed with a bypass relay, which means that the FXO can pass through connection to the phone set on FXS port. You can call via the internet through:

- · the phone set on FXS port; or
- pressing the control code on the phone key pad to switch to normal PSTN line.



Chapter 1 - Introduction

Features

- Compact design for easy handling and installation
- Supports SIP 2.0 (RFC3261), DHCP client, PPPoE, DNS, HTTP
- Two RJ45 ports for WAN-LAN bridging
- Two RJ11 jacks for one full function FXS port and one bypass FXO port.
- Supports most popular vocoders; G.711u/A, G.723.1, G.729AB with 16ms tail length line echo cancellation (G.168), silence suppression, VAD (Voice Activity Detection), CNG (Comfortable Noise Generator)
- Adaptive jitter buffer or user-configurable fixed jitter buffer length
- Supports DTMF/FSK caller ID generation, and call transfer, call forwarding, call waiting
- DTMF operation mode: RFC2833, Info, in-band audio
- Supports FAX pass through or T.38
- Support standard encryption authentication, DIEGST with MD5
- QoS Support 802.1Q VLAN, 802.1p, ToS, DiffServ
- Supports Auto NAT traversal and STUN
- Allows configuration by web browser or phone touch tone keypad
- Firmware upgrade by TFTP or HTTP

Hardware specifications

Power	DC jack x 1	Power consumption <8W Input voltage: 100-240 VAC Output voltage: 5VDC/2A
WAN port	RJ45, 10/100BaseT	Auto MDI/MDIX
LAN port	RJ45, 10/100BaseT	Auto MDI/MDIX
FXS port	RJ-11 x1	On-hook voltage: 48VDC Loop current: 25mA Ringer: REN 3, 55V/rms
FXO port	RJ-11 x1	No DAA function, with by pass relay only(life line)
LED	Red x 1, Green x 1	Green LED w/dimmer effect
Dimension	9.8cm x 9.8cm x 2cm	
Weight	100g	

Package contents

Check the following items in your ASUS AX-112 Analog Telephone Adapter package:

- ✓ AX-112 ATA x 1
- ☑ RJ-45 Ethernet cable x 1, RJ11 phone cable x 1
- ✓ Quick Start Guide

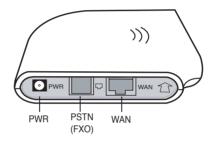
AX-112 is able to operate SIP TA function by itself, and no other software installation is needed. You may use IE to configure this device, or thru a phone set plugged on the AX-112's RJ11 jack. Please refer to Chapter 3 for configuration guide.

2. Quick Installation

2. 1 Connectors

There are five connectors on AX-112, and you can find them on the two side panels. These two side panels can be distinguished by the arrow icon, the upward arrow indicates the WAN side, while the other downward arrow indicates the LAN side.

2.1.1 WAN side connectors



DC power jack

Use the universal power adapter included in the package. The adapter is a high quality switching power device which accepts 100~240VAC input, and 5VDC output with 2A rating. If you have to use a substitute power adapter, use an adapter of good quality and with the correct rating. Incorrect voltage adapter output may damage the AX-112, and poor quality adapter may induce unacceptable ripple noise to the phone set.

RJ45 WAN

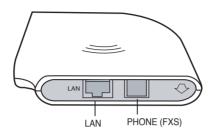
Normally, this port is connected to your broadband Ethernet port which could be xDSL, cable modem or your office LAN. You have to assign an IP to the WAN port of AX-112, or enable its DHCP client to get an IP from your DHCP server.

RJ11 line port

The line port is used for connecting to the PSTN line. It is also called as the Foreign Exchange Office (FXO) port. This line port on AX-112 only has bypass function without the DAA circuit. This means that it can relay the incoming call from PSTN to the phone set connected to the phone port, but the VoIP call can not go through by this line port.

Chapter 2 - Quick Installation

2.1.2 LAN side connectors



LAN

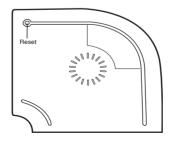
Normally, you can only have one Ethernet cable at your desk. If you also have to use your PC or notebook while the VoIP device is running, then an extra LAN port is necessary for this purpose on AX-112. The LAN port has bridge capability to WAN port and allows the connected device to be able to access the network easily without other settings.

RJ11 phone port

AX-112 needs an ordinary phone set to work as an IP phone, and the RJ11 phone port is used for this purpose. Any ordinary analog phone set could be plug into this jack. Then you may make the VoIP call, or switch the connection to the PSTN (Public Switched Telephone Network) line and make a normal local phone call. You can make the connection switch from the VoIP to the PSTN line through pressing the special codes on the phone keypad. The default PSTN access code is "*0" and it is user configurable.

Reset button

You may find the Reset button at the bottom of the case. Press the button, with a small rod or pen, and hold for 5 seconds to restore the factory default settings.



Chapter 2 - Quick Installation

2. 2 Hardware connection

- Use a standard Category 5 (CAT5) Ethernet cable with RJ45 jack to connect the WAN port of AX-112 to the LAN port of your ADSL modem or router.
- Use another Ethernet cable to connect your PC or notebook to the LAN port of AX-112 if necessary.
- Use an ordinary phone cable with RJ11 jack to connect the phone-set to AX-112's phone port.
- Use another phone cable with RJ11 jack to connect the AX-112's line port to your PSTN jack if necessary. The PSTN jack is normally on the wall.
- Connect the power adapter, and then refer to the next section for how to assign an IP address to the WAN port for future operation.

2. 3 WAN IP assignment

After you have correctly set up the hardware connection, the next step is the WAN port IP assignment. You may assign a fixed IP address to AX-112 or enable its DHCP client to get an IP address from your DHCP server.

At the first stage of assigning an IP address to the WAN port, you may get the IP address by using the phone-set and entering the proper DTMF code command. AX-112 will the report the WAN address for you by voice. You may access the WAN port's IP address via IVR. Follow the instructions below:

- 1. Pick up the phone and dial "****"; and
- 2. After hearing the voice menu, dial "100#". You should hear the WAN status reported by voice.

By default, the AX-112's WAN port is set to the DHCP client mode. If there is no DHCP server in your network, you can assign a fixed IP address for AX-112 via IVR. Refer to the Chapter 4 for more information on how to configure the IVR.

3. Configuration

In an Internet browser, enter the WAN IP address that you got either via the DHCP server or the IVR). You will be taken to the AX-112's web configuration page, which consists of five menu items for future settings.

3. 1 Status

In this page, you will see all the system status including WAN port status, IP/MAC address, system uptime and firmware version.



ASUS AN ILL

3. 2 WAN

You can either choose to statically configure or to dynamically configure the WAN interface (via a DHCP server on the network, or via PPP if you are using PPPoE),



interface settings: enter the IP address, the subnet mask, the default gateway IP address, and the DNS server IP address. It is also recommended that the network domain name be provided as well, to ensure correct DNS operation. Press "Apply" to save and apply the new settings.

3.2.1 NTP server

To automatically obtain the time via the NTP server:

- Enter the NTP server address for the network (if this address is left blank, a default public NTP server will be used. if accessible):
- 2. Select the time zone; and
- 3. Press the "Apply" button to save and apply the new settings.

3.2.2 MAC spoofing

This field allows the user to set the Ethernet hardware/MAC address to be used by the WAN interface. This is typically done to mimic ('spoof' or 'clone') the MAC address of one of the devices connected to the private LAN interface. To do this, follow these steps:

- 1. Enter the 12 digits hardware address to assign to the WAN interface; and
- 2. Press the "Apply" button to save and apply the new settings.

3.3 SIP

3.3.1 SIP proxy server

Enter the SIP server's address and port value. The address may either be an IP address or the server's name. If you wish to specify a special SIP domain name, you may enter the domain name here. If no domain name is entered, the SIP domain name will be set to that of the network (i.e. that which is obtained via DHCP, or specified on the LAN settings page).



Select whether or not to send a Registration Request to the SIP server by assigning a value (in seconds) for the "Registration Expiration". Enter the line phone number, the Caller-ID Name, the signaling port value, the authentication username and the password.

There are two groups of SIP server IP and account data fields for user to enter, AX-112 will try to register with the first one and if the first registration failed, it will try the second SIP server IP, if you have entered the configuration data. If both of the SIP servers IP failed to register, you will hear a busy tone when you pick up the phone-set. Otherwise, you will hear a normal dialing tone if the registration is successful.

3.3.2 Outbound proxy

If you need to use outbound proxy, assign the outbound proxy server IP and its port number.

3.3.3 NAT traversal setting

Select the NAT traversal type. You may check the uPnP button if your NAT/Firewall supports uPnP SIP ALG, or assign the STUN server IP if you are using STUN service. You may also assign the RTP port if there is port enabling on your router settings.

3.3.4 ToS/DiffServ settings

This sub-page is used to configure the Type-of-Service/Diffserv byte values. These values are to be used in the IP header of all transmitted SIP signaling packets and RTP packets. The ToS/DiffServ byte values are entered as a two-digit hexadecimal value. If no special ToS/DiffServ value is to be used for a particular traffic type, enter "00" or leave the setting empty.

3. 4 Advanced setting

There are five sub-pages in the advanced settings page. Basically, this page is for the advanced users. Most of the time, the default settings should work for normal application unless your service provider needs special configuration.

3.4.1 CODEC & Packet



CODEC configuration

Choose which codecs are to be supported. For SIP protocol, the G711U and G711A protocols are always supported by default. You can select which complex codec is to be supported in AX-112. But due to memory limitations, it is not possible to select more than one complex codec at the same time.

You can also select to enable or disable the silent suppression function for each codec type. To do this, just click on the checkbox beside a codec type.

Packetization period

Select the packetization period to be used for each selected CODEC. Each codec has a different basic packetize period (usually it's 30ms for G.723, 10ms for G.729). You can select longer time period to increase the transmission efficiency. But, longer packetization time will cause longer delay time.

3.4.2 DTMF & Gain & Dialling

DTMF

This field allows configuration of the DTMF signaling options for SIP. Select whether the OOB (Out-Of-Band) telephone event signaling is to be done using the SIP INFO message; or to be done via RFC2833 RTP signaling; or select in band audio which will directly transmit out the DTMF tone.



Jitter buffer

The Jitter Buffer settings apply to all active CODEC decoders. You may choose an adaptive jitter buffer or a fixed length jitter buffer. For an adaptive jitter buffer, choose the maximum allowable play out delay (in milliseconds). For a fixed jitter buffer, choose the fixed play out delay (in milliseconds). Finally, select whether or not a decoder should automatically switch from an adaptive jitter buffer to a fixed jitter buffer upon fax/modem tone detection. Adaptive jitter buffers are sometimes detrimental to fax transmission over G711 CODECs if they have to adapt too rapidly or too extensively due to inconsistent and widespread packet delays. In these adverse network conditions, a fixed jitter buffer provides superior performance when handling incoming fax transmissions over G711 CODECs.

Tx/Rx Gain

You can adjust the VoIP voice transmission and receive volume by adding or decreasing the db value. The adjustable range is from -12db to +18db.

Actually , this is a very wide range for gain adjustment; the default value is 0 db for both direction. To set the gain too high may cause echo, voice distortion or DTMF tone will not be able to send the correct errors. Normally, it is reasonable to make the adjustment between –6db to +6db range.

Phone default connect to

You can select the connection state of the phone set to VoIP FXS codec circuit or to the PSTN port when the line is idle. It is set to 'FXS' by factory default for normal usage. For one special case, when the caller ID signal from PSTN line comes before the first ring, then you may select the phone set to be connected to PSTN as default and ensure all the caller ID signal pass to the phone set.



When you select the option "Phone default connect to PSTN", you must make sure your PSTN line is properly connected to the RJ11 jack of the line port and it is working properly. If your PSTN line is not working with proper voltage on line, the phone set will not operate properly.

Dialing plan

A dialing plan gives the unit a map to determine when a complete number has been entered. Dialing plans are expressed using the same syntax as used by MGCP NCS specification. The formal syntax of the dialing plan is described by the following notation:

Digit ::= "0" | "1" | "2" | "3" | "4" | "5" | "6" | "7" | "8" | "9"

Timer ::= "T" | "t"

Letter ::= Digit | Timer | "#" | "*" | "A" | "a" | "B" | "b" | "C" | "c" | "C" | "d"

Range ::= "X" | "x" --matches any digit | "[" Letters "]" --matches any of the specified letters

Letters::= Subrange I Subrange Letters

Subrange::= Letter --matches the specified letter | Digit "-" Digit --matches any digit between first and last

Position::= Letter I Range

StringElement::= Position --matches any occurrence of the position I Position "." -matches an arbitrary number of occurrences including 0

String ::= StringElement | StringElement String

StringList::= String | String "|" StringList

DialPlan::= String I "(" StringList ")"

A dialing plan, according to this syntax, is defined either by a (case insensitive) string or by a list of strings. Regardless of the above syntax a timer is only allowed if it appears in the last position in a string (12T3 is not valid). Each string is an alternate numbering scheme. The unit will process the dialing plan by comparing the current dial string against the dialing plan, if the result is not qualified (partial matches at least one entry) then it will do nothing further. If the result matches or is over-qualified (no further digits could possibly produce a match) then sends out the string and clear the dial string. The Timer T is activated when it is all that is required to produce a match. The period of timer T is 4 seconds. For example a dialing plan of (xxxTlxxxxx) will match immediately if 5 digits are entered, it will also match after a 4 second pause when 3 digits are entered.

Simple dial plan

Allows dialing of 7 digit numbers (e.g. 5551234) or an operator on 0. Dial plan is (0Tlxxxxxxx) .

Complex dial plan

Local operator on 0, long distance operator on 00, four digit local extension number starting with 3,4 or 5, seven digit local numbers are prefixed by an 8, two digit star services (e.g. 69), ten digit long distance prefixed by 91, and international numbers starting with 9011+variable number of digits. Dial plan for this is:

(0Tl00Tl[3-5]xxxl8xxxxxxxl*xxl91xxxxxxxxxxl9011x.T)

Quick dial key

This function lets you to select if you want to use the "#" or "*" key as end of DTMF input key, it's useful especially when the dialing number length is not fixed. Pressing the "#" can notify AX-112 to stop waiting any more DTMF input and sends the numbers out.

For system dialing plan, you may need to send the "#" and "*" key as part of the dialing number. You may check the buttons to enable or disable this option.

Caller ID type

You can select the AX-112 output caller ID type to fit to different phone-set. AX-112 can show the incoming call ID to your phone set LCD. There are four types supported that you can choose from. Refer to the list below.

Bellcore(N.Amer,China)	(USA, CHINA, Belgium, Germany)
ETSI FSK with Brief Ring	(France)
ETSI FSK With PR	(UK)
NTT	(Japan)

Service code

This sub-page is used to configure the service code. After the service code has been defined, you can subscribe to a call service by setting it through the keypad. You must have defined the parameter of these fields before using relative command by phone set. Click "Apply" to make save and apply the new settings.

ASUS recommends that you change the service code values only if there is a conflict with the setting of your service provider. Refer to Chapter 4: Operation for more information.

Speed dial & phone book

AX-112 supports eight speed-dial and eight phone book entries for easy call operation. You may enter the SIP extension number in the speed-dial fields. By dialing the speed-dial prefix code (default is '*68n') defined in the "Service Code" with the speed dial index number (1~8), AX-112 will send out the call invitation through the registered SIP server.

The phone book has almost the same function as the speed-dial. The difference is, it needs a user ID, an IP address, and a port number to send out call invitation. This means you can not send out call invitation to different IP addresses through the registered SIP server. Click the "Apply" button to save and apply the new settings.

Tone

The various tone patterns generated by the AX-112 are all configurable via the standard configuration variable process. This section describes how to configure the commonly used tones. The "language" for specifying the tone components is quite simple. Basically, the language is a combination of frequency, duration and amplitude and it is known as ABNF. Please refer to the following examples:

Example 1: European dialtone

425Hz @ -5dbm0, tone repeats indefinitely. In this case, the value of the ON time (i.e. 1000) is irrelevant, but MUST be greater than zero.

DIALTONE = 425@-5#ON(1000),R

Example 2: US ringback tone

440Hz @ -19dbm0 + 480Hz @ -19dbm0, with the following play out sequence being repeated indefinitely: ON for 2s, OFF for 4s.

RINGBACK = 440@-19+480@-19#ON(2000),OFF(4000),R

Example 3: Custom tone with repeated states.

In this case, a tone of two frequencies (440Hz@-5dbm0 + 1200Hz@-5dbm0) is played out according to the following timing sequence: ON for 500ms, OFF for 500ms, ON for 500ms, OFF for 500ms, ON for 500ms, OFF for 500ms, ON indefinitely (the value of the last ON is irrelevant, but must be non-zero).

CUSTOM_1 = 440@-5+1200@-5#[ON(500),OFF(500)]3,ON(1000),R

3. 5 Management

3.5.1 Administration password

In the old password field, input the old password, if you have it. In the new password field, input the new password. In the confirm password again for confirmation. Click the "Apply" button to save the changes. If you have set the password, the system will redirect to the password-protected web page. Input password that you have changed, then press "Authenticate" button into the system.



3.5.2 Firmware upgrade

This page provides three options for downloading a new firmware application image to the device. If you wish to download the new firmware image using TFTP, enter the filename of the ROM image and enter the IP address of the TFTP server on which this file resides. Press "Start" to initiate the TFTP



download process. If the ROM image is stored on the same local machine you are using to access the device's web pages, you can choose to download the ROM file to the device using an HTTP post or URL. Enter the filename of the ROM image or press "Browse" to help locate the file. Press "Start" to initiate the HTTP download process.

3.5.3 Configuration

To backup all the setting value in a file on your PC, just click the backup "Start" button and then enter the file name to keep the data. To retrieve the setting value from a file, click the restore "Start" button and enter the file name of the file you want to retrieve



3.5.4 Restore factory default

To restore AX-112's factory default settings, click the "Start" button. You can also press the reset button, located at the bottom of the case, for 5 seconds.





If you have made any changes to the configuration, reboot the AX-112 adapter.

4. Operation

4. 1 IVR operation

To use the IVR, pick up the phone and dial four consecutive asterisks (****) to enter the main IVR menu. To stop the IVR, just hang up the phone.

CODE	STATUS	USER INPUT
***	Menu	Enter choice code.
100#	Network status	None.
110#	WAN setting	1# to enable DHCP mode
		2# to enable Static IP mode
		3# to enable PPPoE mode
		# back to menu
120#	IP address setting	Use "*" to instead of ".", and "#" to end. Or # back to menu.
130#	Gateway setting	Same as IP address setting
140#	Net mask setting	Same as IP address setting

4.2 Call service features

AX-112 has a set of pre-defined service dial code for using the functions such as conditional forwarding, call return, and PSTN mode switch. Refer to the table for the functions' description and usage.

FUNCTION	PRESS KEY (Default)	USAGE
Conditional Call Forwarding	*70#	Enter the forwarding phone number right after *70#, you will hear 3 short tone as confirm.
Call Forward On	*72#	Same as above
Call Forward Off	#72#	3 short tone will be played as confirm
Do Not Disturb On	*74#	Same as above. Will reject all incoming call.
Do Not Disturb Off	#74#	3 short tone will be played as confirm
Call Transfer	*98#	Enter the destination phone number right after *98#, and hang up phone after hearing 3 short tone will transfer the call (blind transfer).
Call Return	*69#	Auto redial the previous one missed incoming call.
Speed Dial	*68n	There are 8 speed dial number entries on web GUI, you have to predefine the phone number in each field for this function. The value 'n' indicates the relative number of speed dial field number from 1 to 8.



The relative setting fields on the web can not be left blank. You have to predefine all the call service command in the web GUI in advance, or use the default setting, before using service functions.



ASUS recommends that you change the service code values only if you have meet conflict with the setting of your service provider.

4.3 Life line / PSTN access

By default, when you pick up the phone set and dial a number, the number is interpreted as a VoIP call. If you have connected the FXO to PSTN line on AX-112, you can dial to the PSTN line instead of VoIP by the PSTN access code. The PSTN's default access code is "*0", and it is user configurable on the web GUI.

4.4 Conference call / Transfer call

To transfer a call

Blind Transfer: Transferring a call to a thri party without notifying the recipient. Dial "*98#nnnn" (nnnn is the phone number of recipient) and hang up.

Attendant Transfer: Transferring a call to recipient an ensuring the call is successfully transferred.

Talking with A --> Press 'Flash' key -->(Dial tone present) --> Dial the new party number of B --> Press "*98#" --> Transfer complete

To make 3-way conference call

Talking with A --> Press 'Flash' key -->(Dial tone present) --> Dial the new party number of B --> Conference

4. 5 LED indication

There are two LEDs located on the center and inside the box, they are in red and green color. There is no LED hole or lens to guide the light out of the plastic box, instead, the light is directly penetrating out of the white upper case. Refer to the table for the possible status of the LED lighting pattern.

LED Pattern	Possible Status
Red LED always on	Firmware upgrading
Red LED blinking	SIP server registration fail/IP not defined System error
Groon LED always on	SIP server registration success
Green LED always on	
Green LED blinking	SIP server registration processing
Green LED on and off gradually every	Call progression
two seconds	

5. Troubleshooting

5.1 General Troubleshooting

There is no LED activity at power on.

- · Check that the power supply unit (PSU) is properly connected.
- Check if the 'Phone default connect to' option at 'Advanced' setting page. If it
 were set to "PSTN' and your PSTN line is not wired properly (without voltage
 presented), then there will be no dialing tone at all. If you have no PSTN line
 connected to the AX-112 line port, please set the 'Phone default connect to'
 option to "FXS".

5.2 Network Troubleshooting

General network activity problems. The device does not appear to be performing any network related functions.

- For Ethernet devices, make sure that the Ethernet connection is secure, and the Ethernet cable quality is good.
- Try pinging the device's IP address from any Unix or Windows machine connected to the same network.

Input: ping www.xxx.yyy.zzz [Enter]

(where www.xxx.yyy.zzz is the IP address of the unit).

The automatic DNS discovery process for a VoIP server does not appear to work.

- Ensure that the DNS server is capable of servicing DNS TXT or SRV queries, and that it is configured to respond with the correct server information when queried.
- If the device is configured via DHCP, ensure that the DHCP server has provided the correct DNS server and the domain name information.

Chapter 5 - Troubleshooting

The device's Web pages are not accessible.

- · Try pinging the device's IP address.
- The unit is trying to acquire a DHCP IP address. Make sure that the Ethernet cable connection is secure.
- Verify that the DHCP server on the network is functioning.
- If you do not have a DHCP server or want to use a fixed IP address instead, you need to reconfigure the device to use a static network assignment.
- If the device network information has been statically assigned (i.e. not via DHCP), ensure that the DNS server IP address is correct, and that the network domain name has been provided and is correct.

The web browser complains often about errors on the page.

Ensure that the web browser supports frames and that javascript is enabled.
 Although the device's internal web pages should be accessible from most modern web browsers, we recommend using Microsoft IE 5.0 (or later version) or Netscape4.0 (or later version) for optimal results.

The interface is configured for PPPoE, but is not working.

- If authentication is required, check that the username and password are correct.
- The PPPoE server may require special Service Name or AC Name tags. Check with the server if these tags are required and make sure the appropriate values are configured.

I've forgotten the IP address of the device, and hence cannot reach it via my web browser

 Please refer to Chapter 4.1 IVR Operation for how to use IVR to check your WAN port status.